

ASC39: An Eloralintide-like Selective and Potent Oral Small Molecule Amylin Receptor Agonist for the Treatment of Obesity

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Introduction & Objective

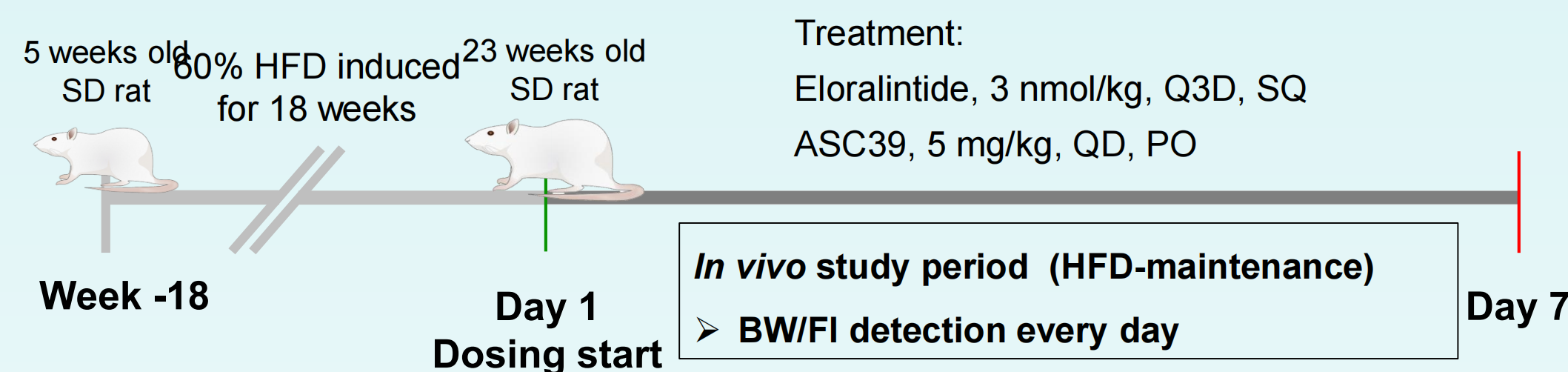
Amylin is an attractive target for obesity therapy. Eloralintide is a selective and potent once-weekly subcutaneously administered amylin analog peptide, which has demonstrated promising efficacy and safety profile in a 48-week clinical trial for obesity. ASC39 is a novel oral small molecule amylin receptor agonist development candidate. This study evaluates *in vitro* and *in vivo* pharmacological properties of ASC39 vs eloralintide.

Methods

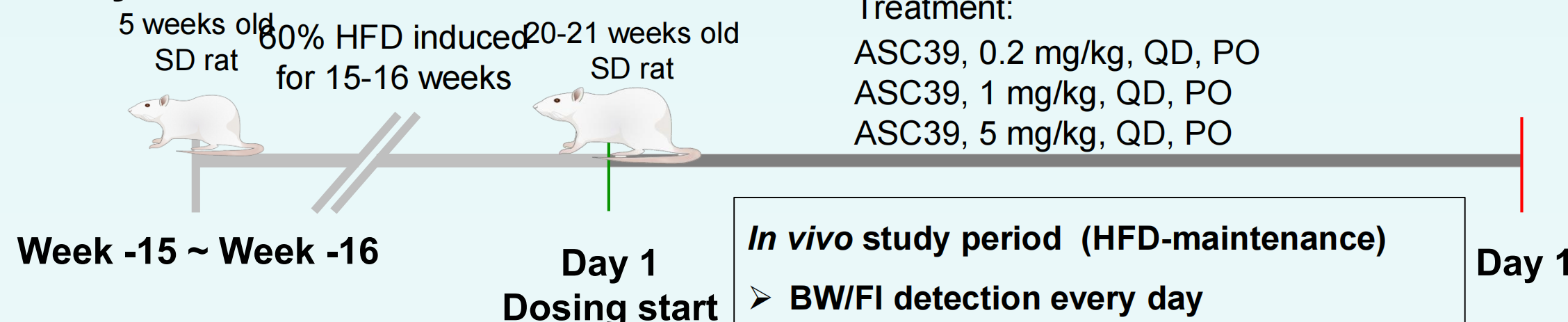
The cAMP activation of ASC39 vs eloralintide was assessed for human amylin receptors and human calcitonin receptor (hCTR). The weight-loss efficacy evaluation of ASC39 was conducted in DIO rats across two batches of studies. In the first batch, 5 mg/kg ASC39 (QD, PO) was compared head-to-head with 3 nmol/kg eloralintide (Q3D,SQ). The second batch consisted of once-daily oral dosing of ASC39 at 0.2 mg/kg, 1 mg/kg and 5 mg/kg.

Study Illustration

Study 1



Study 2



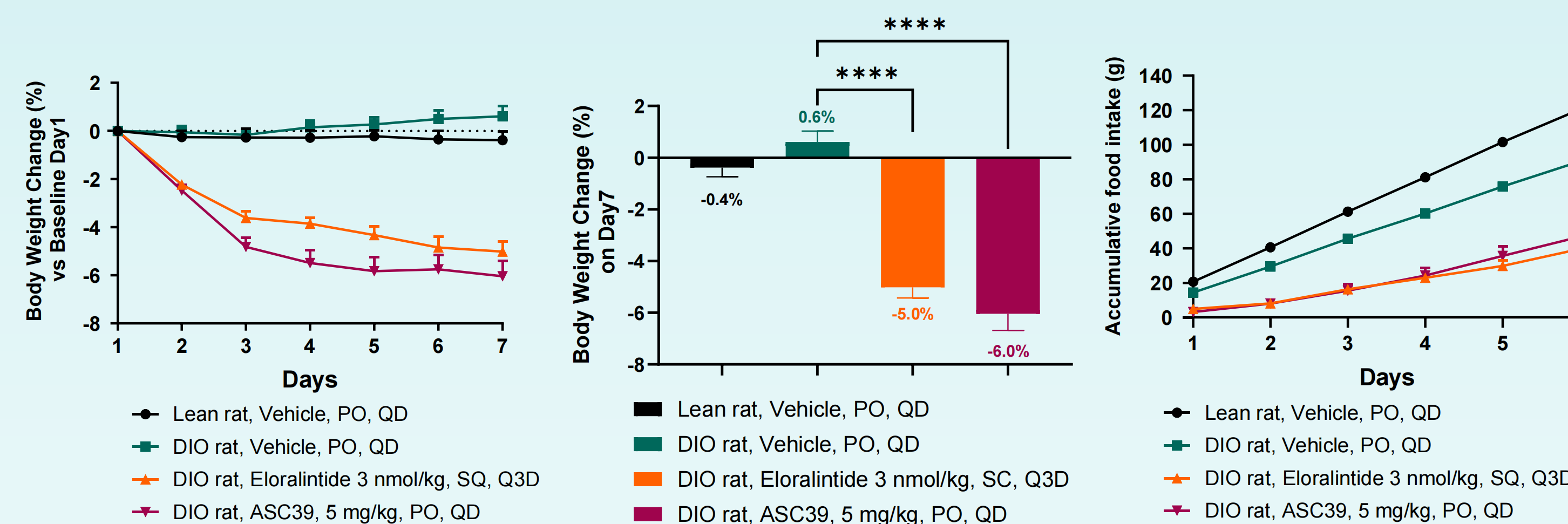
In vitro cAMP Production Assay

Compound ID	HEK293 AMY1R EC ₅₀ (pM)	HEK293 CTR EC ₅₀ (pM)	Selectivity (hAMY1R / hCTR)
ASC39	21.4	846.1	40
Eloralintide	21.2	1350.8	64

ASC39 and eloralintide have 40-fold and 64-fold selectivity, respectively for hAMY1R over hCTR

In vivo Efficacy Study

Study 1: ASC39 Induced Comparable Weight Loss to Eloralintide

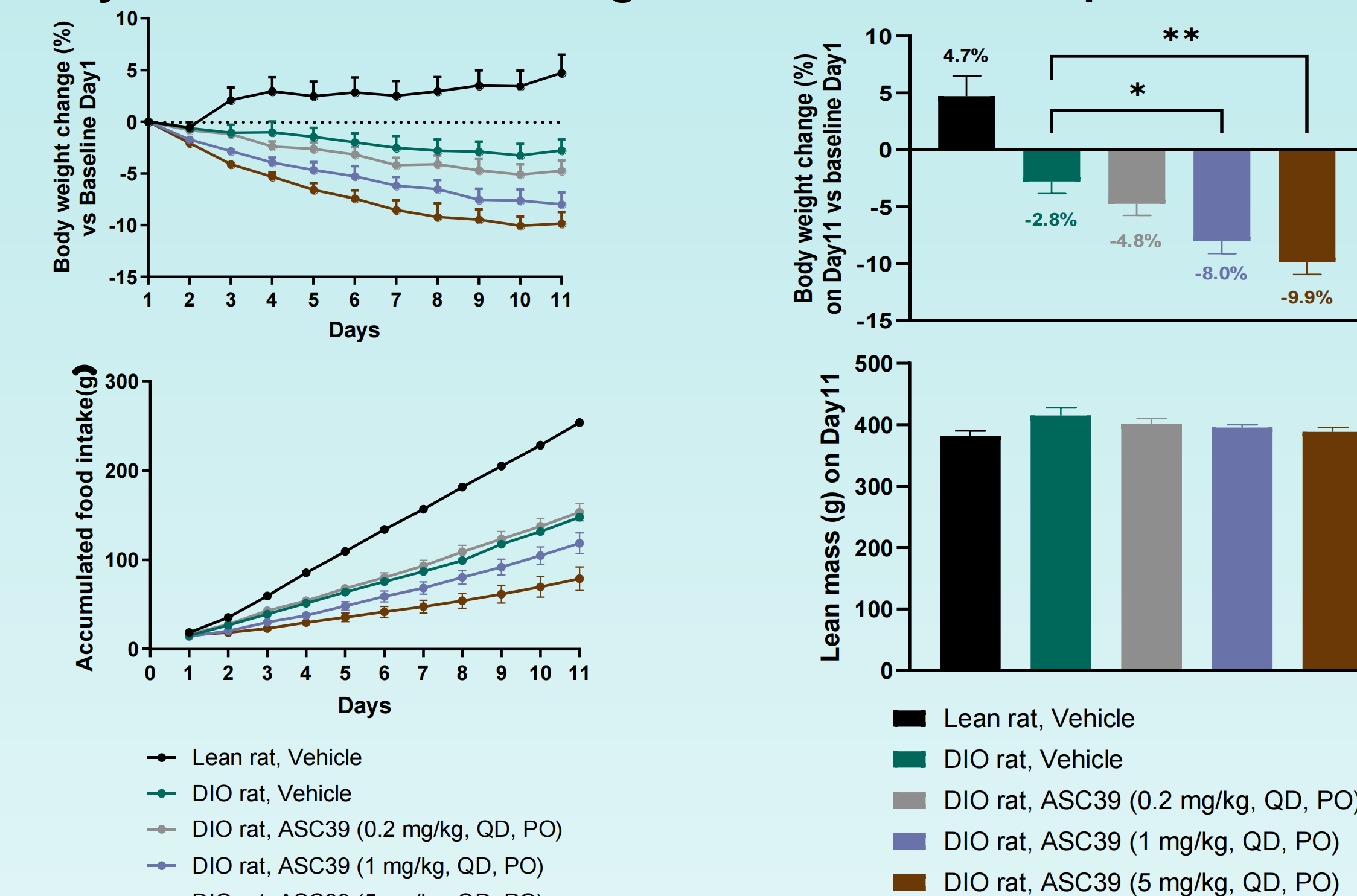


Oral administration of ASC39 resulted in significant weight loss which was as good as eloralintide.

Note: one-way ANOVA test was used for significance comparison. *, $p < 0.05$; **, $p < 0.01$; ****, $p < 0.0001$; $p < 0.05$ is considered statistically significant. GraphPad Prism 10 was used for data visualization.

Results

Study 2: ASC39 Induced Weight Loss in a Dose-Dependent Manner



Oral administration of ASC39 elicited significant weight loss in a dose-dependent manner, with no reduction in lean mass.

Conclusions

ASC39 is an eloralintide-like selective and potent oral small molecule amylin receptor agonist development candidate with a novel scaffold. Both ASC39 and eloralintide demonstrated a strong selectivity towards hAMY1R over hCTR and a comparable preclinical efficacy in DIO rats. Oral ASC39's attractive pharmacological profile supports its advancement into human clinical trials, alone and in combination to offer a novel, convenient, accessible and differentiated obesity therapeutic option.

Disclosure:

Jinzi Jason Wu: Employee of Ascletis Pharma (China) Co., Limited;
Chengfei Wu: Employee of an affiliate of Ascletis Pharma (China) Co., Limited

